

Streamflow-based evaluation of climate model sub-selection methods



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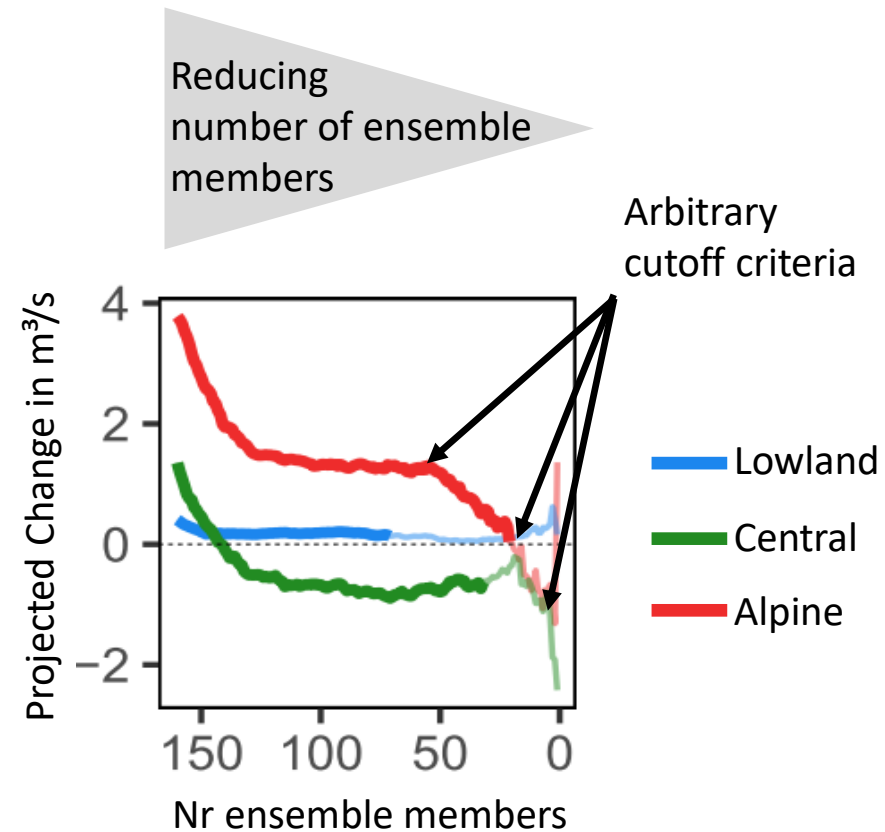


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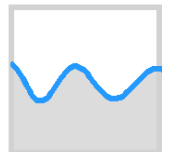
ISIMIP Workshop, 12.01.2021, Latest Results Session

The climate change ensemble selection problem

Projected average streamflow change in three German catchments



Kiesel et al. (2019) Ecol. Eng.



Sub-selection methods to deal with the ensemble problem

Sub-selection methods (discussed by *Eyring et al. 2019, Nat Clim Chang*)

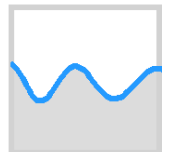
- democracy/full ensemble (Dem) (e.g. *IPCC 2013*)
- diversity of Global Circulation Models (DivG)
- diversity of Regional Climate Models (DivR) } (*Abramowitz et al. 2019, Earth Syst Dynam*)
- trading off information content and redundancy (MIMR) (*Pechlivanidis et al. 2018, WRR*)
- best performing climate depiction (bCl) (*Ruane and McDermid 2017, Earth Perspectives*)
- best performing variable of interest (bSf) (*Kiesel et al. 2019, Ecol Eng*)
- climate model weighing (sWGT) (*Knutti et al. 2017, Geophys Res Lett*)
- reliability ensemble average (REA) (*Tebaldi and Knutti 2007, Phil Trans R Soc A*)

Motivation

- **Is there a way to validate which of these sub-selection methods is “best”?**

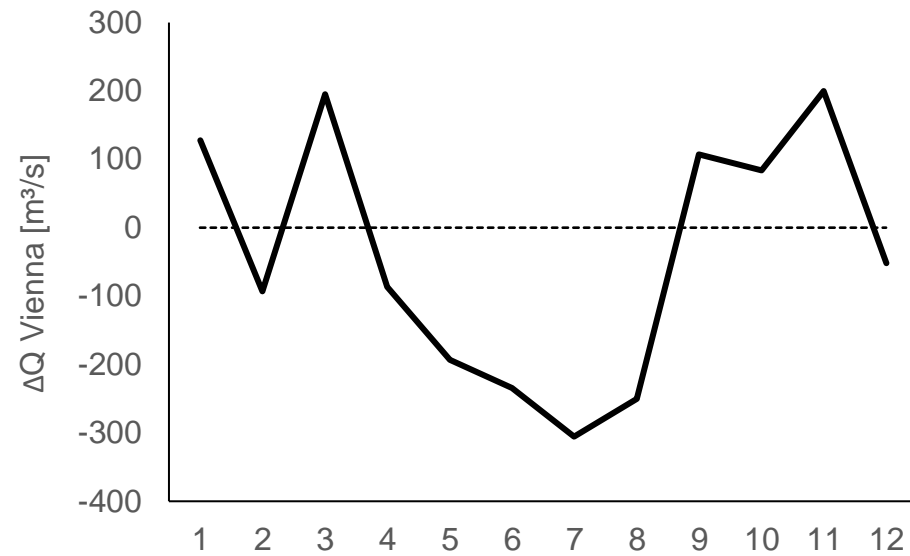
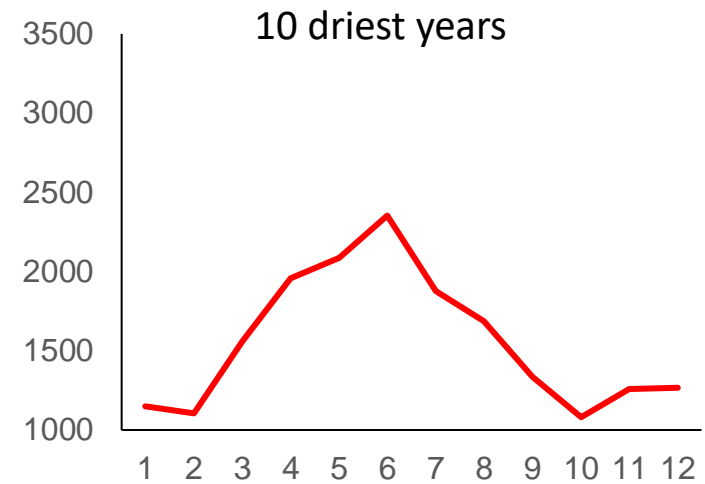
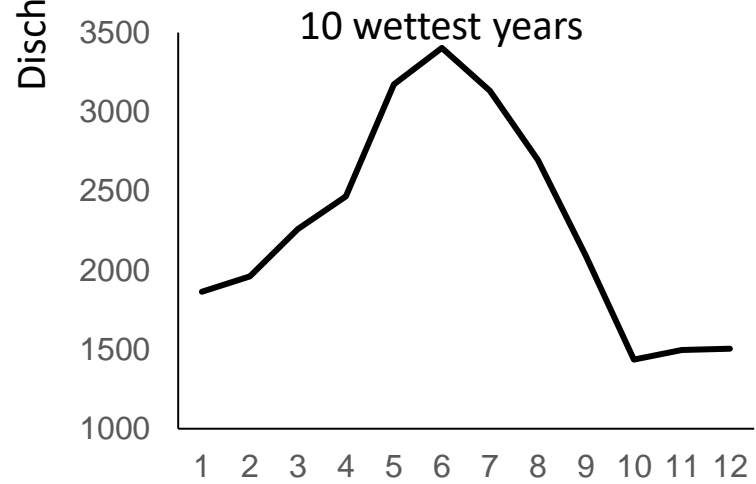
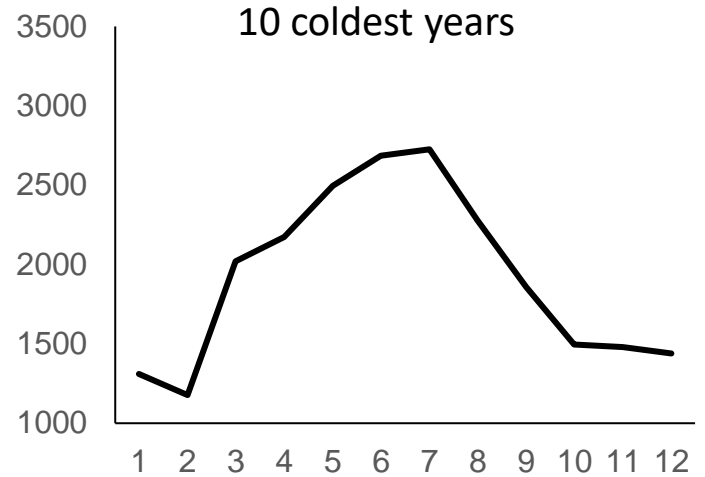
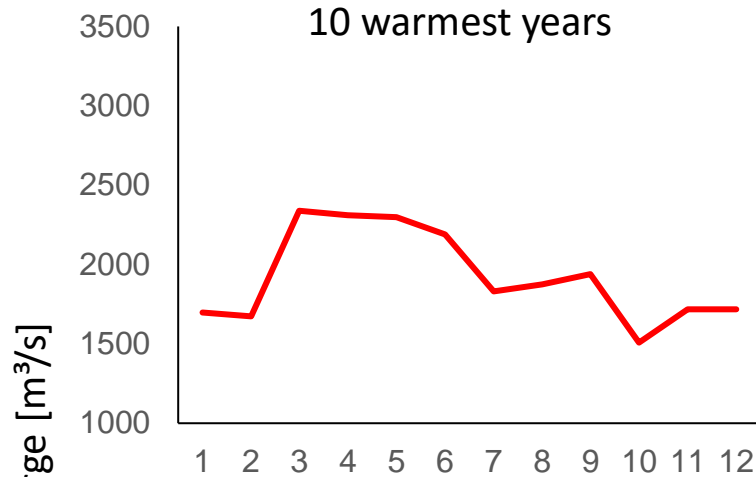
Approach

- Climate models are applied to predict the change from present to future
- We don't know the future...but we know the past impact of climate change (*Blöschl et al. 2017, Science*)
- Models that can't predict past climate change are less well suited to predict an aggravated, future change



Danube: Temporal dependence discharge seasonality

Observed Discharge: Danube at Vienna (1901-2007)



— Delta Flow
1960 – 1989 vs 1990 - 2015

Warmer, drier climate -> less pronounced seasonality
(Kling et al. 2012, J Hydrol)

➔ Evaluate which model ensemble can depict impacts of the warming climate best

Climate model sub-selection assessment - Methodology

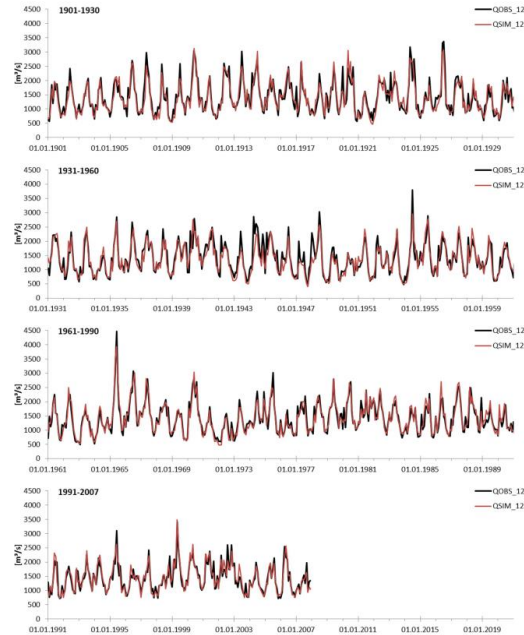
Hindcasted climate change data



16 combinations of GCM + RCM (RCP8.5)
 Linear Scaling bias correction (1960-1990)

Jacob et al. 2014, Reg Env Change
 Stanzel et al. 2018, J Hydrol

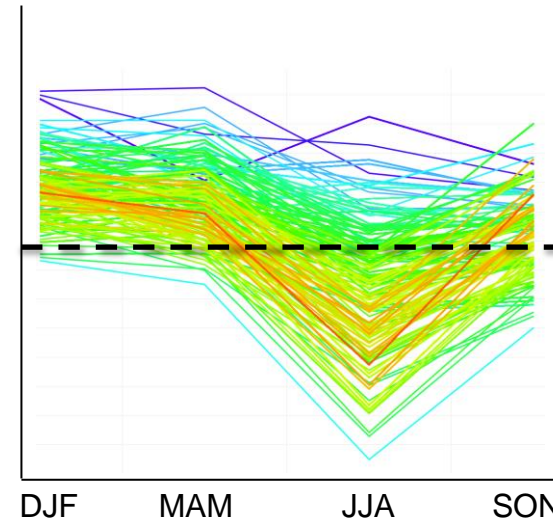
COSERO Model Upper Danube



High-performance hydrological model (>100 yr)
 5-step evaluation (Krysanova et al. 2018)

Kling et al. 2012, J Hydrol

Hindcasted seasonality (1960-1989 vs 1990-2015)



For 16 GCM-RCM
 All possible medians

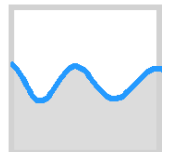
Kiesel et al. 2020, Clim Change

Evaluation

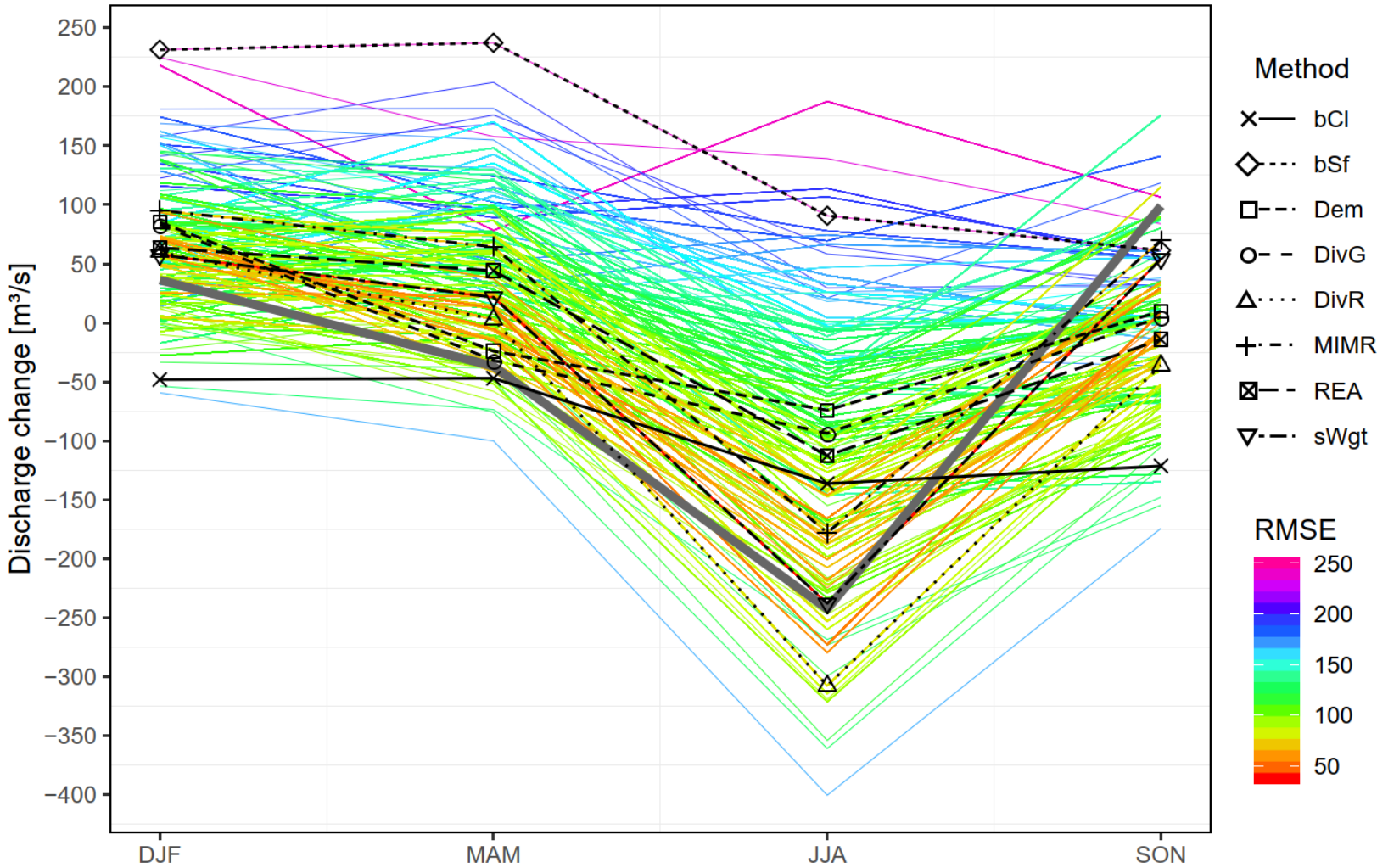
- bCI
 - bSf
 - Dem
 - DivG
 - DivR
 - MIMR
 - REA
 - sWgt
- } Median selection

RMSE against observed change

Kiesel et al. 2020, Clim Change

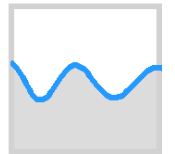


Climate Models: Agreement with observed sign of change

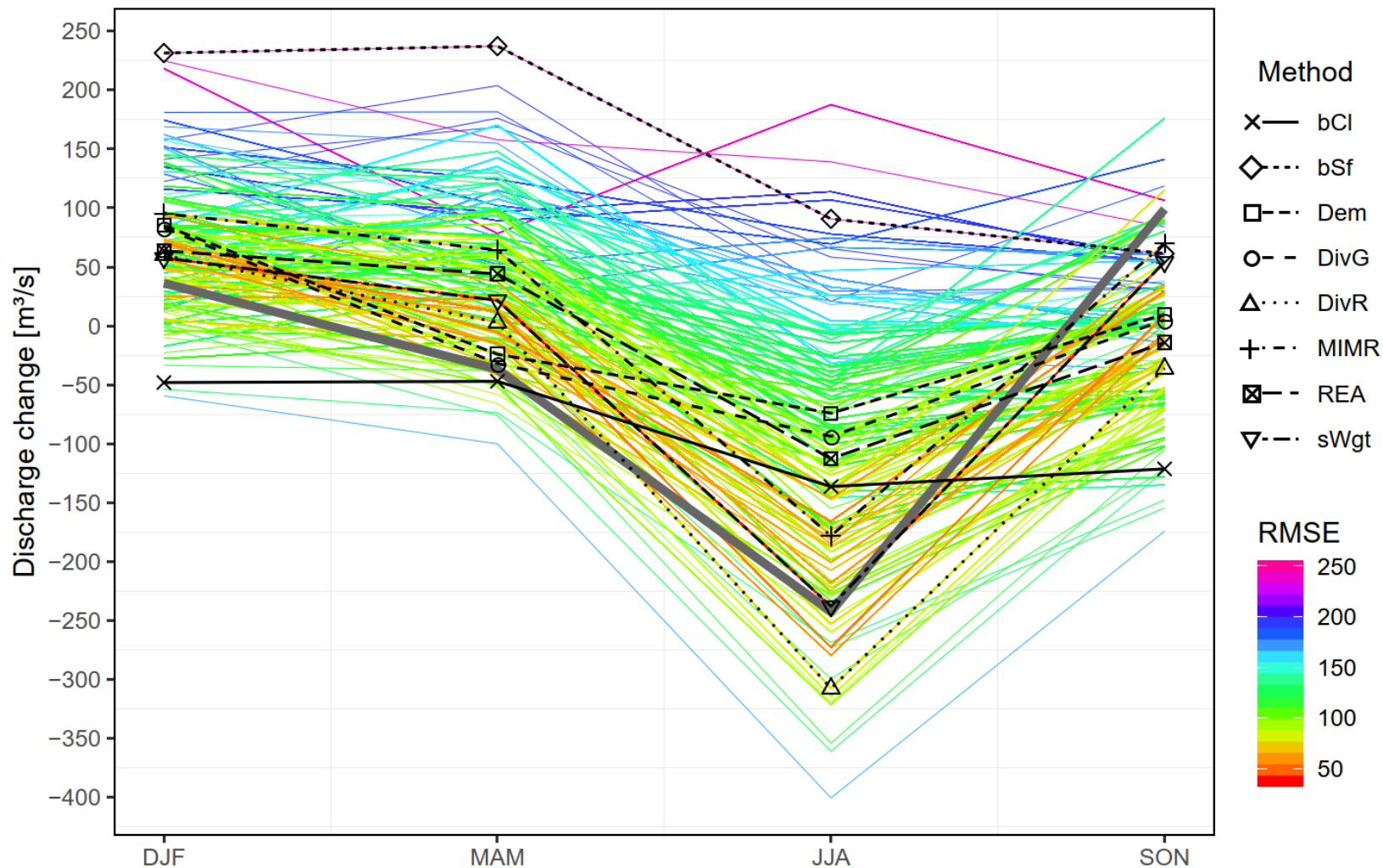


GCM	RCM	Method	RMSE	Rank
KNMI-RACMO	ICHEC	sWgt	38	1
-	-	MIMR	68	2
CLMcom-CCLM	MOHC	DivR	78	3
DMI-HIRHAM	ICHEC	DivG	91	4
CLMcom-CCLM	CNRM		94	5
MPI-REMO	MPIr1		95	6
-	-	REA	96	7
-	-	Dem	99	8
KNMI-RACMO	MOHC		107	9
SMHI-RCA	ICHEC		117	10
CLMcom-CCLM	ICHEC	bCl	130	11
SMHI-RCA	MPI		141	12
IPSL-WRF	IPSL		142	13
CLMcom-CCLM	MPI		157	14
SMHI-RCA	CNRM		157	15
SMHI-RCA	MOHC		168	16
CNRM-ALADIN	CNRM		169	17
MPI-REMO	MPIr2	bSf	238	18
SMHI-RCA	IPSL		241	19

Correct reproduction of direction of change in all seasons



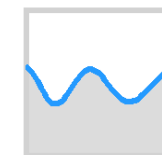
Sub-selection methods: Agreement with observed change



GCM	RCM	Method	RMSE	Rank
KNMI-RACMO	ICHEC	sWgt	38	1
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Best RMSE

Worst RMSE



Conclusions

- Splitting historic observations into a reference and evaluation period can be beneficial to assess historic climate change impact
- Wide range of performance differences between sub-selection methods indicates that the selection matters
- Methods maintaining and maximizing diversity and information content clearly outperformed methods that reproduce historical climate or streamflow best
- To yield more robust conclusions, we suggest to test the proposed methods using multiple hydrological models in multiple basins located under a strong hydro-climatic gradient

Thank you!

Kiesel J, Stanzel P, Kling H, Fohrer N, Jähnig S, Pechlivanidis I. 2020. Streamflow-based evaluation of climate model sub-selection methods. *Climatic Change*, <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-020-02854-8>. In: Krysanova V, Hattermann FF, Kundzewicz ZW. 2020. How evaluation of hydrological models influences results of climate impact assessment—an editorial.

