

PROCLIAS/ISIMIP workshop Potsdam May 2022

TG1.2 Automatic QC/QA of impact model output – valid ranges for the QC-tool

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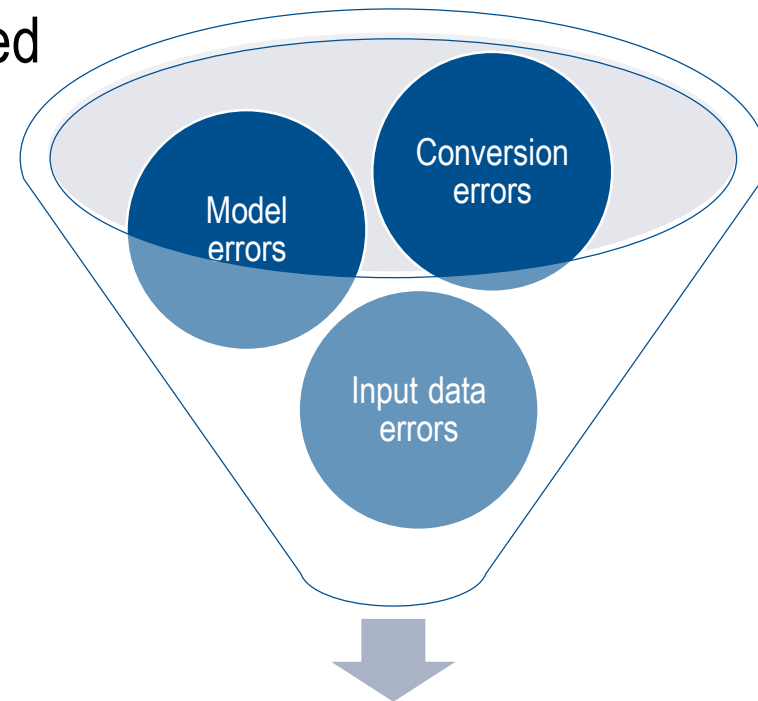


Motivation

- A model produces often a huge amount of output variables, driven by various forcings and scenarios → errors can be overseen
- If model output variables are within plausible / valid ranges, the probability of erroneous data is reduced



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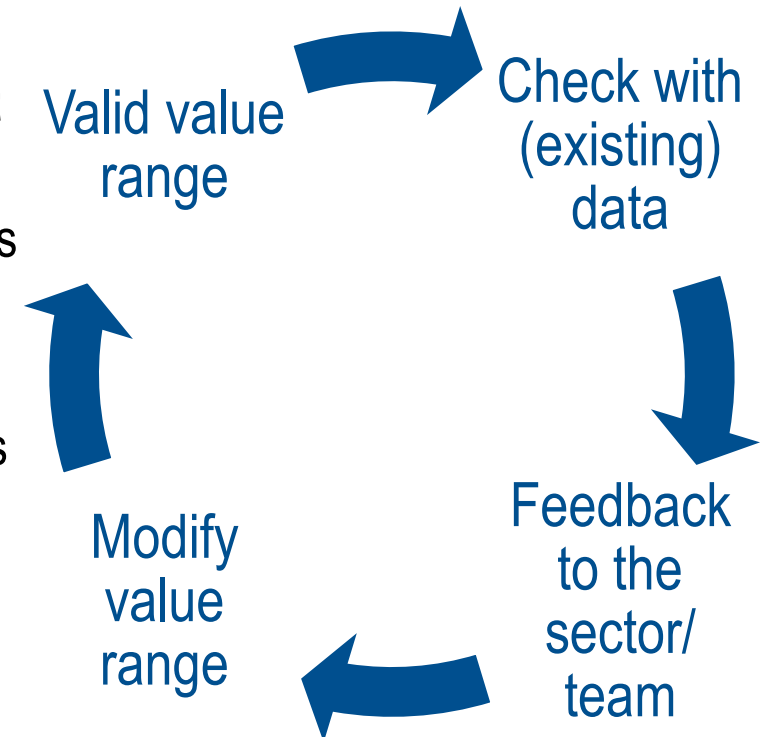
Implausible output variable

How to get a valid value range?

- **A number can be a valid min/max value if:**
 - it stands for a physical limitation (e.g. no negative river discharge)
 - it stands for a process-based limitation (e.g. trees cannot grow higher than 120 m)
 - it is based on modeller's / data analyst's / experts knowledge (e.g. runoff values > 10.000 mm/month is not very likely)

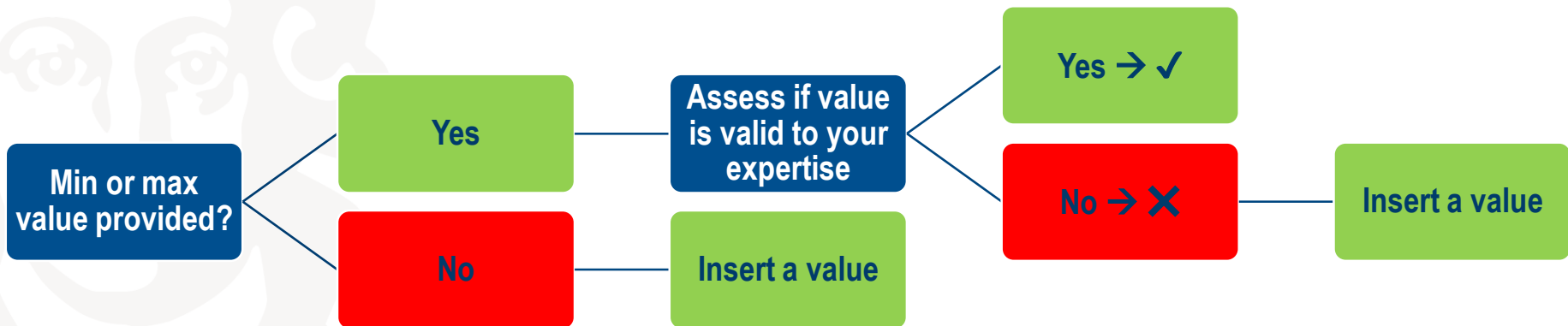
Valid value range cycle

- **A valid value might differ for geographical regions or time spans**
 - e.g. occurrence of extreme precipitation events can lead to unusual high runoff values
 - **A value can be physically implausible but still valid**
 - e.g. negative groundwater storage values as only anomalies are of interest
- both, expert knowledge and data analysis is required to reach valid value ranges
- **we need a starting point!**



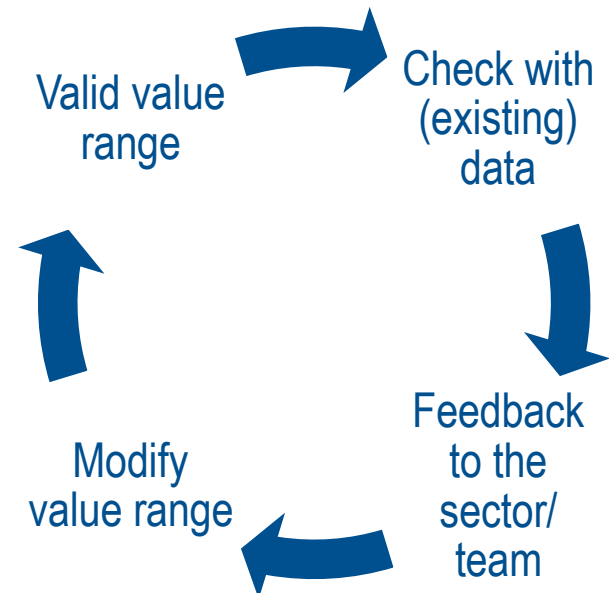
Process to obtain the valid value ranges

- There are posters for each variable group → search for the variables of your expertise
- Please consider the variable unit as provided. In case your inserted value deviate in terms of the unit, please indicate the unit used.
- There are A4- printouts with variable definitions close to the posters
- Can we reach the **goal to get an initial value range for each variable** by the end of the workshop?



Next steps

- We will collect the valid ranges, translate units (if required) and implement the valid ranges to the QC-tool.
- In case valid ranges are missing, ISIMIP sectoral coordinators will be contacted to help to fill in.
- The valid value range cycle will be started with the aim to generate meaningful value ranges that helps to generate plausible model output



It's a joint learning process

- Own model output
- Other model processes / restrictions
- Other sectors
- Input data
- Extreme events
- ...



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